

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

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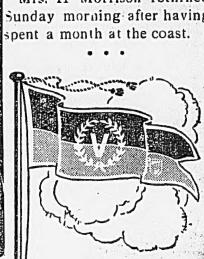
Mr. J. A. Williams, Progressive-Conservative Candidate for Acadia, was a Chinook visitor this week.

Mr. Stollery, manager of the U. F. A. Co-op store, is a Calgary visitor this week.

There is heavy rainfall in the Chinook district today, Thursday.

Mrs. E. H. C. Pfeiffer, and daughter Maxine, of New Westminster, who spent the past month visiting at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bayley, returned Monday.

Mrs. F. Otto of Calgary, who spent a few weeks visiting with Mrs. W. Milligan, returned to her home Tuesday.



At Last— Fair Play for the Farmer

"Canadian farmers have never had a fair return for their labour. They are forced to buy in a protected market at relatively high prices and to sell in a world market at generally low prices. What agriculture needs is not crutches to carry its disability; it needs to have the disability removed. This can only be accomplished by permanent measures and long range planning."

John Bracken

At last—a farmer fights for fair play for farmers! For more than twenty years John Bracken, the Farmer, was the undefeated leader of a Farmers' Party. To-day, as leader of a great, national, progressive party, he is determined that throughout the length and breadth of Canada there shall be a square deal for agriculture... fair play for the farmer... on a permanent basis!

Farmers have seldom had a fair share of the nation's income. Rarely do they receive a just reward for their endless labours. John Bracken means to stop, once and for all, the unfair discrimination against farmers, the unjust economic practices which make it impossible for farmers to obtain fair prices for the fruits of their labour.

"It is the responsibility of the nation," says the leader of the Progressive Conservative Party, "to see that this great inequity shall not be perpetuated. I know where I stand in the matter. Let me make that position clear. It is not fore-ordained that farmers shall work for less pay than anybody else; or have their children receive only one-quarter the chance of a secondary education or one-tenth of the chance of a university education that other children get; or see their wives forced to lift less of toll, often 12 but sometimes 14 hours a day. Sundays and holidays included. . . The trouble is that no one with the necessary authority has determined to correct the basic economic ills of Agriculture."

To-day, John Bracken, the Farmer, seeks the necessary authority to put into immediate operation the far-reaching

Progressive-Conservative policies that will permanently ensure fair play for the farmer. Here are just some of the points in the Progressive Conservative plan for the definite, continuous and permanent protection of farmers against income collapse and wide extremes of income fluctuation:

The Farmer shall be guaranteed a proportionate share of the nation's income.

A permanent policy for forward contract prices shall be guaranteed to farmers—by law.

The prices guaranteed will be calculated by a non-political council, and will be based on the farmer's proportionate share of the national income. These prices will be announced before the production seasons begin.

This policy will increase present average farm income by not less than twenty per cent.

It takes a farmer to understand farmers' problems. Only a farmer knows the full economic injustice from which farmers suffer. To-day, John Bracken is fighting for fair play for every farmer. The leader of the Progressive Conservatives is determined to bring security and prosperity to farmers permanently. Join in the fight. Help him to win his life-long struggle to give Agriculture a place in Canada's prosperity, not for a day—but for all time to come.

A Farmer fights for you... He needs your help.

WIN WITH BRACKEN!

Vote for Your

PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATE

Published by the Progressive Conservative Party, Ottawa.

Chinook Victory Loan Goes Over The Top

The Chinook quota of the Victory Loan, for the Oyen district was reached on Saturday, over 21,000 being subscribed for by residents of the town and district. If the canvasser has missed you there is still time to help in the war against Japan, and to assist our armed forces to re-establish themselves after discharge. The date of closing the loan has been extended to Saturday, May 19th.

Your district salesman will be pleased to write your application.

The streets are almost deserted these days, most of the farmers are busy with their seeding and the land is in good condition, although south of the Correction line it is too wet in places for tractors, however most of the wheat will be in the ground by the end of the week.

Germination is slow owing to the continued cold weather.

Mr. F. G. Rosenau of Spokane, Wash. U. S. A. spent ten days at the home of his mother and father also



Late Blight of Potatoes

In 1847, ninety thousand Irish people set out for Canada. Two thousand died on the way. Many others emigrated to the United States. In an 18-month period (1846-47) relief costs in Ireland amounted to nearly forty million dollars, and the relief was far from generous. Suffering in Ireland was appalling.

This unhappy state of affairs was brought about by a famous disease of potatoes known as "Late Blight." At first the cause of the disease was unknown and while plant scientists argued, worried and experimented, the Irish people went hungry. Serious losses also were suffered in England and western continental Europe.

Today, we know how to control this disease. Serious damage has been common in central and southern Manitoba for the last three or four years, and local infestations have been recorded in Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Therefore, all potato growers should be on the lookout and be prepared to employ measures for control. Line Elevator agents have been provided with a supply of illustrated circulars in which the disease is clearly described and control methods outlined.

Control is comparatively simple and easy. Ask the local elevator agent for Line Elevators Farm Service Circular No. 8—Summarized from information provided by Dr. J. E. MacEachern, Dominion Laboratory of Plant Pathology, Winnipeg.

U. F. A. CO-OP

GROCERIES

FRESH FRUITS & VEGETABLES

HARDWARE

DRY GOODS

MAGAZINES & PAPERS

FEED & SALT.

Market Your Hogs Earlier

By Feeding

AIRFLOAT LIMESTONE

Here Is Just The Thing
For Wintry Days

MEN'S FLEECE LINED

"PARKA" JACKETS

WOOL INNER MITTS

Kids!

Get Your School Supplies
HERE

Patronize Your Own Store

BETTER

CHECK OVER

YOUR

FARM MACHINERY

And Order

Repair Parts

NOW

AGENTS FOR FORD

JOHN DEERE
And I. H. C.

COOLEY BROS.

Chinook

Phone 10



Agriculture Abroad

THE PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION of food has been one of the most complex problems with which the Allied Nations have had to contend during the past six years. For almost all of that time Great Britain and Europe have been cut off from normal imports of foodstuffs; Great Britain because of the scarcity of shipping space, and Europe because of the necessary naval blockade which lasted until "D" Day, and in some cases much longer. In Europe, there has been additional difficulty caused by the fact that much farm land on that continent has been in the path of battle. There has also been widespread sabotage of land and livestock by the retreating German army. It is expected that it will not be long before grain crops can again be produced there, but the re-establishment of the meat and dairy industry will take many years. Meanwhile food and farm equipment will have to be sent from other countries to assist in the rehabilitation of those nations which have been most seriously disorganized because of the war.

Faced Serious Food Shortage

In Great Britain the problem has been less acute, but that country nevertheless faced serious food shortages at the beginning of the war. At that time, Britain was the largest importer of food in the world, but the need for shipping space for vital war supplies made it necessary for food imports to be sharply reduced. In order to meet this situation a great wartime program of farm mechanization was undertaken, resulting in the increase of arable land from 13,000,000 to 19,000,000 acres. This brought nearly one-third of the total area of the country under cultivation, and made possible the production of at least seventy per cent. more food than before the war. A unique nationwide electrical system has made electricity available to ninety-seven per cent. of the population of the British Isles, so that farmers in even the most remote districts could make use of the newest mechanized equipment.

Farm Workers Now Mechanics

Farm machinery in Britain now includes more than two tractors to every square mile of tillable land, and seven tractors to every square mile of arable land. Fifty-two types of tractors, all produced in the United Kingdom, are available to farmers there, and in addition, a large number of other agricultural machines have been developed during the war, so that now almost every farm task from plucking poultry to soil culture is done by machinery. It is said that the British farm laborer has, during the past few years, changed from a manual worker to a mechanic. In spite of this great expansion in food production, Britain does not intend to become self-supporting in this life. When shipping conditions return to normal, British farmers will be asked to supply milk, vegetables and other protective foods which can be best produced there, but much food will again be imported from abroad. Britain, however, is looking forward to building up an export trade of farm machinery, which has been so successfully manufactured there during the war.

Practical Education

Have Solved Problem

Educational Needs For Remote Areas

In Far North

In a recent survey of educational needs for remote areas of the far north, C. H. Piercy, administrator for northern Saskatchewan, reported that practical education is needed for the boys and girls living in the northland.

As almost every family in the north owned an out-board motor, owing to the numberless waterways, motor mechanics should be included in courses for the boys. Other courses for boys should include, conservation of forests and animals; mink fur farming; simple economics, including information on the value of furs and goods used in trade; the use of firearms; map reading and nature science. For the girls, Mr. Piercy suggested instruction in cooking, sewing, home nursing, preserving and simple economics. Mr. Piercy suggested that the government build and operate two boarding schools for the free education of some 250 children of scattered families in remote areas, and also build seven new schools in permanent settlements.

READY TO MOVE

Authorities permitted the disclosure that during Britain's darkest days of the war plans were made to move Parliament from London if necessary. Under one of several alternatives, members would have gone to Stratford-on-Avon and used the Shakespearean memorial theatre as a meeting place.

Eskimos use the wool of the wolverine to trim the front of their hoods, because it does not catch frost from the breath.

ACHE?

PAT ON SLOAN'S LINIMENT

GEMS OF THOUGHT

True zeal is a strong, steady, uniform, benevolent affection; but false zeal is a strong, desultory, boisterous, selfish passion.—Emmons.

Whether zeal or moderation be the point we aim at, let us keep fire out of the one, and frost out of the other.—Addison.

A true man never frets about his place in the world, but just slides into it by the gravitation of his nature, and swings there as easily as a star.—E. H. Chapin.

The secret heart is devotion's temple; there the saint lights the flame of purest sacrifice, which burns unseen but not unaccepted.—Hannah Moore.

Do not forget that an honest, wise zeal, a lowly, triumphant trust, a true heart, and a hand constituted man, and nothing less is man or woman.—Mary Baker Eddy.

Just in proportion as a man becomes good, divine, Christ-like, he passes out of the region of theorizing into the region of benevolent activities.—Horace Mann.

Airline Control

The Only Practical Way To Avoid Ruinous Competition

H. J. Synington, president of Trans-Canada Air Lines, and newly-elected president of the International Air Transport Association, said in an interview, "That allocation of air frequencies to international airlines is the only practical way to avoid ruinous competition in world commercial aviation after the war."

He added that "chaos" in the air and unchecked rivalry would be fatal to an orderly expansion of commercial air travel.

"By standardizing procedures, the International Air Transport Association, composed of 50 airlines of 35 nations, will bring people and nations closer together, helping to break down many of the barriers between," he added.

SMILE AWHILE

He—what did you do last night? She—Well, I often wondered why the sun went down at night, and I stayed up and it finally dawned on me.

Airman—They tell me that AC.2 Jones has a right good voice. Is it cultivating it?

S.P.—I can't say about the cultivating, but I know he irrigates it frequently.

Movie Star—I've decided to do another new trial.

Interviewer—But why? You won the case.

Movie Star—I know, but I'm not satisfied with the publicity.

Tommy—My teacher got the worst memory in the world.

Father—So he forgets everything, does he?

Tommy—No, he remembers everything.

He thinks he's Henry VIII, doctor. Is that serious?"

"Not unless he thinks you're Boleyn."

A mother down in Birmingham, Ala., recently wrote the following excuse to her little boy's teacher:

"Please excuse Johnny for being late. Nine o'clock came sooner than we expected."

Johnny was excused.

Young Doctor—This pie is burnt.

Young Doctor—It had to be stored.

Young wife—I didn't buy it. It's my own creation.

Guide, conducting students through an art gallery—By a single stroke of the brush Joshua Reynolds could change a smiling face into a frowning one.

Young Student—So can my mother.

He—Dearest, your stockings are wrinkled.

She—You brute, I haven't any on.

Doesn't the moth have a terrible time? He spends the summer in a fur coat and the winter in a bathing suit.

The experimenters found that the addition of eight per cent. soy flour in the usual bread mixture with a small decrease in the amount of shortening gave the best results in keeping gavies, taste and color.

Antiquarians are now able, by means of photography and infra-red rays, to read Egyptian manuscripts too dim to be deciphered heretofore.

Price Control And Rationing Information

Q.—My son expects to be discharged from the army in a week or two. How will he obtain his ration book?

A.—Commencing May 1st, persons discharged from the Armed Forces will obtain Form 641-D, Application for Civilian Food Allocation, from their respective discharge establishments. These forms will be issued to the Local Ration Board in your locality and a ration book will be issued.

Q.—The storekeeper in our town is asking his customers to carry home as many parcels as possible without being wrapped. Is there actually a serious shortage of wrapping paper?

A.—All retailers have been drastically reducing the use of wrapping paper and bags. I would like to suggest that when at all possible customers should carry their goods unwrapped. Using shopping bags would greatly ease the situation. Returning paper bags and wrapping paper to the store would also be a great help.

Q.—Should I keep the labels which are being placed on most of the clothing I buy?

A.—These labels are placed on articles of clothing for your protection and should be carefully looked after. If you find that the article does not give you satisfaction and you wish to report the matter to the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, the label will give you the name and address of the manufacturer, size and price you paid. A good idea would be to place the date of purchase on the label.

Q.—Is the price that decorators can charge for papering walls controlled by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board?

A.—Yes, the prices are controlled and must not exceed the price charged during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941.

Please send your questions or your request for the pamphlet "Consumers' News" or the Blue Book in which you can track your buying prices, mentioning the name of your town and the nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board office in your province.

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Egg Shipments

Cargo Of Nearly 25 Million Eggs Carried On One Vessel

Revised figures in the shipment of nearly 10 million eggs to Britain on a single ship show that the cargo of eggs was nearer 25 million than ten. In 100 carloads of 66,000 cases, the dozens of eggs should have read 1,980,000, or 23,760,000 eggs and not as formerly stated 782,000 dozen and 9,384,000 eggs.

Meanwhile reports are pouring in from representative members of the egg trade in all parts of Britain giving high praise about the quality and condition of the eggs sent from Canada. Breakages have not been excessively heavy. At the same time, the Egg and Poultry Weekly Market Report of the Dominion Department of Agriculture gives a word of caution: "While the market is recovering, 'Kynoch' does not rest on her laurels. This job of exporting is not yet done to perfection. There is still too much breakage. More safeguards are needed to insure necessary uniformity in quality as delivered."

Look out for Trouble from Sluggish KIDNEYS

To the Original "Dutch Drops"

It is common knowledge that you have to filter out of your blood that may cause backache, dizzy spells, leg cramps, restlessness, sleepless nights, and diarrhea. The following is a remedy that has won the grateful thanks of thousands for many years—GOLD MEDAL, Horden Gold Capsules.

This effective diuretic and kidney stimulant is the original and genuine Dutch Drops. It is the only kidney stimulant in tasteless Capsules. It is one of the most favorably known remedies for relieving aches and pains, kidney trouble, and irritation of the kidneys.

It works by helping to dilate the filters of your kidneys to purify the blood. Be sure you get the original and genuine Gold Medal, Horden Gold Capsules, 40¢ at your druggists.

NEW JAP PLANE

The Japanese agency Domei has announced a new Japanese fighter plane, called the Hayate or Whirlwind, which it said "is now rushing forward like a hurricane to bag U.S. planes which dare to cross its path." In a radio Tokyo broadcast Domei said the plane "is a sort of hybrid with a four-bladed propeller."

DATES TO BRONZE AGE

When a Lake Vattern fisherman at Stockholm was hauling up his nets one morning he found a rusty sword caught in the meshes. The sword, well preserved, was double-edged and about two feet long. It has been found to date back to the Bronze Age.

CLEANING PAINT BRUSHES

Here's a guide to paint brush cleaning: Brushes used in shellac or alcohol stain should be cleaned with alcohol. Brushes used in lacquer should be cleaned with lacquer thinner. Brushes used in water-thinned paint should be washed in water. Brushes used for regular oil paint work can be cleaned in turpentine.

LIED IN WHO'S WHO

The British Who's Who for 1945 devoted 31 lines to a biography of Adolf Hitler and even listed the Fuehrer's telephone number in Berlin—11-4191. The late President Roosevelt's biography took up 33 lines; Prime Minister Churchill's 68; and Marshal Stalin's 45. 2620

Models TD-40 (47.5 HP), Industrial or farm use. Other equipment available. Write, wire, phone, Leventhal & Co., Machinery Agents, McIntyre Block, Winnipeg.

10 DIESEL TRACTORS

Models TD-40 (47.5 HP), Industrial or farm use. Other equipment available. Write, wire, phone, Leventhal & Co., Machinery Agents, McIntyre Block, Winnipeg.

MINARD'S LINIMENT

35¢

Just rub in MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MINARD'S LINIMENT

the taunting Jim was preparing to give us.

Jim dusted off a stool so he wouldn't get his new white pants dirty. "Everybody in this business knows it's the oysters that bring in the money," he began, filling his pipe without troubling himself to offer us a smoke. "But some folks still keep chasing pearls. I've done my darndest to get the people around here to see that it's smarter to take back plenty of oysters than to spend a half hour on each shell hunting for a little pearl that ain't there."

There was a pull on the deck wire and one of the divers sent up a big basket full of oysters.

"Here's a nice looking load," said Jim, holding it up for us to see. "There's real money there and it don't take a shell opener and a pearl Skinner to find it!"

"We sure had a nice looking pearl this noon," Ted cut in gloomily.

"She looked just like the Cleopatra," I added. "And the Cleopatra weighed ten grains and sold for \$36,000. I know, because the fellow who got her used to the up right alongside of us."

Jim smiled in a condescending way. "And last season somebody found one that weighed almost forty grains. She looked fine at the start and everybody guessed she'd bring about \$75,000. But she broke during the skinning," he said, shaking his empty pipe at us.

"Our didn't break up," Ted growled. "But Lecovitch had to take off so many skin hunting for the perfect one that there wasn't anything left when he finished."

He looked at his big watch, then hit the deck bell twice. A Filpino came running upstairs. "Crack these and throw them in the pot for supper," Jim ordered, handing over half a basket of shells. Then he burst out laughing as if he'd just remembered a good joke. "These men here are crazy about oysters. I know they'll enjoy a little stew this evening!"

Ted and I just looked at each other. We couldn't answer him, either of us.

"Jim strapped me on the back. 'Well, I'll tell you boys that I could use a little money for new nets right now,'" he explained, as if it were a big favor for him to take a couple of wharf bums like us into his confidence. "But I'm hauling oysters to make my money. Anybody'll tell you that there ain't much about this business that I don't know. I guess I'm the only man on this part of the coast who knows how to keep this his luck's always good!"

Ted and I were relieved when the supper gong sounded below deck.

As soon as we were at the table, the Filpino served big soup plates full of stew.

"I guess this is your dish all right," I said, pulling his plate toward him. "Oysters have been keeping you two in a stew for a long time." He laughed that big bellows of his that wears my nerves raw.

After a few seconds Ted and I noticed that Jim was quiet. We both looked up to see why. There was, jabbing at one of the oysters before him. I'll never forget the look on his face. When the pearl rolled out, we saw that it was a whopper—must've weighed forty grains. But it was blistered and dull, ruined from the rabbit increased.

Today Australia is almost reconciled to the pest. The animals are entirely free of disease. Rabbit meat is coupon free and even the more select restaurants are now serving rabbit. Export of pelts to the United States is increasing.



HERE'S THE ANSWER

The cost of a hog starter feed should be measured by the growth and health it gives baby pigs. With "Miracle" Hog Starter you will find your litters grow faster and become strong and healthy because "Miracle" Hog Starter is scientifically tested for exact balanced food value.

ASK FOR "MIRACLE" FEEDS

No Longer A Pest

Australia At Last May Make Money Out Of Rabbits

War has brought about the glorification of Australia's national pest—the rabbit. A month ago the Indian Government was asking for Australian rabbits to breed for food for the Indian services.

Now New Zealand's Internal Affairs Minister Parry announces that Australia is releasing 192,000 rabbit traps to enable New Zealand to continue export of frozen rabbit meat to Britain.

Early settlers brought rabbit to Australia from England. Australia has spent millions of dollars trying to get rid of them. They have been hunted with guns, traps, poison bait, ferrets and a trans-continental, supposedly rabbit-proof fence was built from north to south Western Australia years ago. But still the rabbit increased.

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HOMING PIGEONS

Tests by British and American Army scientists have convinced them that it is a "little tickle" in the ear of a homing pigeon which makes it fly home over long distances—but they don't know what causes the tickle.

Before repainting over glossy enamel, it is as well to rub down the glossy surface with steel wool to remove the sheen and provide a better holding surface for the new coat of paint or enamel.



SELECTED RECIPES

SALISBURY LOAF

2 eggs, slightly beaten
1 cup milk
2 teaspoons salt
1/2 teaspoon pepper
1 teaspoon Worcestershire sauce
1/2 cup chopped parsley
1 tablespoon chopped onion
1/4 pound ground pork or sausage
4 cups corn flakes

8 medium potatoes

3 tablespoons melted fat

1/2 teaspoon salt

1/2 teaspoon pepper

Combine eggs, milk, salt, pepper, Worcester sauce, parsley, onion, ground meat and crushed corn flakes. Mix thoroughly. Form into loaf, about 2 inches high, in greased heat-proof platter or pan. Yield: 8 servings.

PEANUT BUTTER REFRIGERATOR COOKIES

1/2 cup peanut butter
1 cup sugar
2 cups light brown sugar
1 egg
1 cup oven-popped rice cereal
3 cups sifted flour
2 teaspoons baking powder

Blend together peanut butter and butter; add sugar gradually and beat until light and fluffy. Add egg and beat well. Stir in cereal. Sift flour and baking powder and add to first mixture, a small amount at a time. Knead and shape into rolls about 1 1/2 inches in diameter; wrap in waxed paper and end so that dough will not dry out. Store in refrigerator until firm. Cut into thin slices and bake on ungreased cookie sheet in moderately hot oven (425 deg. F.) for 10 to 12 minutes. Yield: 7 1/2 dozen cookies (2 inches in diameter).

Note: One tablespoon

water or milk may be added to dough if it is difficult to shape into rolls.

If you try this recipe, and are not entirely pleased with the results, your druggist will

gladly return your money.

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

Research Worker

Dr. Watson, Whose Death Was Announced Recently, Was A Renowned Veterinarian

By the recent death in Victoria, B.C., of Dr. E. A. Watson, formerly Dominion Animal Pathologist, Canada loses an illustrious research worker in veterinary science. Dr. Watson was born in Devon, England, in 1879 and came to Canada in 1896, taking up a homestead in company with his brother at Eastend, Saskatchewan. When the South African war broke out, he joined the Canadian army and while serving in South Africa first became interested in veterinary science. Towards the close of the war, he was appointed assistant in the laboratory near Pretoria, set up by the British Government under Dr. Arnold Theiler, formerly a student in the service of the Transvaal Republic.

Returning to Canada, Dr. Watson entered the Ontario Veterinary College and graduated in 1904. After practising his profession in Virginia for a few months, he was appointed assistant pathologist at the Biological Laboratory in Ottawa. The following year Dr. Watson was placed in charge of the Branch Laboratory at Lethbridge, Alberta. There he commenced his studies of dourine, and for the first time in North America demonstrated the causative agent of the disease, on which he later became a world authority.

During the first world war, he was appointed veterinarian officer attached to a Western unit of the Canadian army in 1915, and while the British Government established a Veterinary Bacteriological Laboratory in France, he was called away to take charge of it. Shortly after his return to Canada following the end of World War I he was appointed Chief of the Pathological Division, Dominion Department of Agriculture, a position he held until his retirement through ill-health in 1942. Owing to his persistent agitation for better facilities for veterinary research in Canada, the Animal Disease Research Institute was established in Hull, Que., and remains a fitting memorial to his great work in veterinary science. After his retirement, he went to live in Victoria, B.C., where he died on March 12, 1945.

Returned Men

Rehabilitation Work Just Needs Some Common Sense

There is no reason to treat every veteran as a difficult problem child, it is stated in a report issued by the committee on rehabilitation of the Health League of Canada.

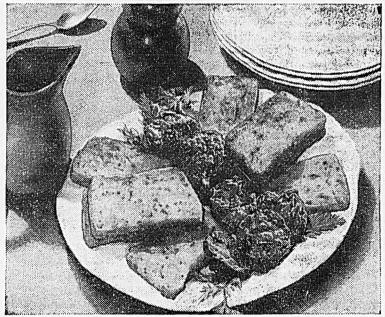
"It is a fact that the majority of returned servicemen especially those back from combat service are proving themselves to be energetic and conscientious at work," the report says. "They have a well-balanced personality. They are resilient. They are adjusting themselves quickly to civilian life, and management is discovering that they have high standards of loyalty and teamwork. Actually, in many cases, these veterans will be able to teach management a lot about such matters as co-operation."

In the cases of the "few" who need special handling, the report advises that "you do not have to be a psychiatrist to help them. They can be handled with common sense—good fellowship—good personnel work."

The report describes in detail the cases of a few men who found it difficult to settle down and tells how plant personnel aided them in properly adjusting themselves.

Quality You'll Enjoy

"SALADA" TEA



A PERFECT PAIR—You don't need Jack Spratt and Mrs. Spratt to wipe the platter clean if it holds cornmeal mush and fried sausages. Every last morsel will disappear, and very likely there'll be a call for a second helping. It's a perfect twosome for Sunday brunch or Saturday night supper or even for an ordinary work-a-day breakfast.

Cornmeal Mash And Fried Sausages

Cornmeal Mash—5 cups water, 1 1/2 teaspoons salt, 1 1/2 cups cornmeal, 1 cup bran. Method—Heat water and salt to boiling point. Add cornmeal slowly, stirring constantly and cook until thick. Add bran and mix thoroughly. Pack in greased loaf pan and let stand until cold. Cut in slices and fry in hot fat on both sides until crisp. Yield: 6 to 8 servings.



EXECUTED — Claritta Petacci (above) who was executed with Benito Mussolini in Milan. The execution of the couple took place in the public square of the little village of Mezzegra. They were shot after being condemned as traitors and war criminals by a people's tribunal.

Junior Miss Dirndl



RE. ANNE ADAMS

A dirndl to express HIS heart. Pattern 4653. A beginner can make it in an afternoon; sleeves and bodice are cut in one; drawstring neckline; may have cap sleeves.

Pattern 4653 is in sizes 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18. Size 13 requires 3 yards 30-inch material.

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TO STUDY RESOURCES

Early co-operative action by federal and provincial governments to complete a survey of Canadian natural resources was urged by Dr. R. C. Wallace, principal and vice-chancellor of Queen's University at Kingston, Ont.

A nylon rope one-half inch in diameter will support a load of three tons.

GARDEN NOTES

Hot Weather Plants

For the best results, cucumbers, squash and melons should be planted in specially prepared hills. These should be hot, weather, and very much afraid of frost, and cold, wet feet. Seed or started plants can be used.

Hills are simply loose soil built up in mounds, about 18 inches wide, and about six inches high. These should be some well-rotted manure or black mulch. This keeps the soil open so that the soft, fibrous roots can penetrate easily, and the delicate roots of the much wet-rotted manure absorb the heat of the sun which these plants love.

Experts advise planting about five seeds in holes about an inch deep and six inches apart on the little mounds mentioned. Later when plants develop, in about two weeks time actually, thin to about three plants to each hill. Keep weeds cleared away, water out frequently, and to encourage early fruiting rip off end of vines when half a dozen melons or a dozen or so squash or cucumbers are on the way. If the ground is very wet it is a good plan to put a little straw from rotting grass to keep from rotting.

Sturdy Plants Best

When buying started plants don't choose the tallest box. If cabbage, tomatoes, petunias, zinnias or whatever one is buying are packed too quickly in the greenhouse the plants are tall and spindly. When set out in permanent quarters they are not likely to be as sturdy as plants which were shaped while being grown more slowly and have been hardened off from the greenhouse. Good nurseries do not bring plants right out of the heated greenhouse and offer them for sale. First they will adapt to cooler and more rigorous outdoor temperatures by hardening plants in a cold frame.

Three Stakeholders

Experts say that each garden should trace to three points of neglect—to deep planting, lack of staking and stopping cultivation too soon. All are important, but none take much labor or time, but if any of them are overlooked are impossible.

Astronomers estimate that the temperature on Mars registers 10 degrees Fahrenheit at noon and drops to 40 below at midnight.



Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound not only relieves periodic pain but ALSO relieves nervous, tired, histrionic feelings—when due to functional monthly disturbances. It's one of the most effective medicines for this purpose. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is natural. Follow label directions. Try it!

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HEMORRHOIDS

2 Special Remedies

by the makers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound

Medicinal Pipe Remedy No. 1 is for Prostrating Bleeding Piles, and is sold in Tubs, with pipe, for internal application. Pipe Remedy No. 2 is for External Bleeding Piles. Sold in Jar, and is for external use only. Price 30c. Order by number from your Druggist.

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BUILDINGS FOR SALE

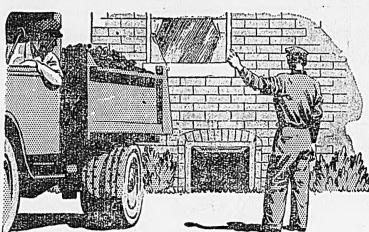
Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to June 28 for the purchase of the following:-

The old Bank Bdg. on Lot 8 - Block 1.

The Harry Smith Building on Lot 9 - Block 2 in the Village of Chinook

The highest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

Lorne Proudfoot Sec.-Treas.



buy COAL now
WHILE YOU CAN

Welcome All Visitors
Old and New To The

RIGHT PLACE TO EAT

MAH BROS
CAFE

We buy the Best... to
Serve the Best
Special Midnight Lunch
Tobaco, Confectionary

This year there must be no "slack season" at Western mines. Every miner must be kept working if you are to be sure of your next winter's supply of coal.

Do not rely on being able to order coal later on. You might have to wait days, or even weeks, for delivery. Get your dealer to fill your bin as soon as possible.



DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS and SUPPLY
Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister

WC 11

PUBLIC MEETING

A Public Meeting will be held in CHINOOK, on THURSDAY, MAY 31st. when

J. A. Williams

Progressive-Conservative Candidate
For
ACADIA

will outline the policy of John Bracken and his supporters.

Vital issues are at stake and it is the duty of every voter to take an active part in politics.

Everybody Welcome

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GOOD YEAR
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Liberal Action for Agriculture

Here are some of the practical steps which your Liberal government has taken for your benefit:

1 Guarantees of minimum prices for farm products.

2 Trade agreements with 20 countries.

3 Debt cancellation took \$225 million debt off farmers' shoulders.

4 Took import duty and war exchange tax off farm equipment.

5 Saved apple industry by special marketing agreements.

6 Premiums paid on high grade cheese and grade A and B1 hogs.

7 Wheat Acreage Reduction and Prairie Farm Income payments made in 1941 to tide farmers over until market for wheat forced a price cut.

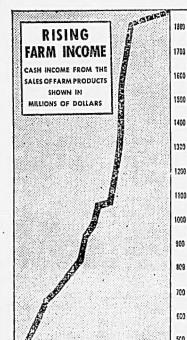
8 Export contracts, operative until 1947, act as floor prices under farm products.

9 The above, with the Export Credits Insurance Act, will maintain farm incomes throughout post-war period.

10 Appointed (August 1944) Agricultural Prices Support Board to guarantee for post-war security for farmers' incomes.

11 To enable farmers to improve their working and living conditions your Liberal Government has provided for intermediate and short term credits by amending the Bank Act and passing the Farm Improvement Loans Act, and further has arranged that those wishing to build new homes or repair, extend or renovate their present homes can borrow the money under the National Housing Act.

12 Inaugurated annual farm production programmes through co-operation between the Department of Agriculture and farmers' organizations in every part of Canada.



Cash income from the sale of farm products (millions of dollars)

KEEP IT UP!

BUILD A NEW SOCIAL ORDER

VOTE LIBERAL.

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